

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON
AT SEATTLE

CHRISTOPHER FRICK,

Plaintiff,

v.

DR. DY, *et al.*,

Defendants.

Case No. C22-801-JHC-MLP

ORDER DIRECTING SERVICE OF
CIVIL RIGHTS COMPLAINT

This is a prisoner civil rights action proceeding under *Bivens v. Six Unknown Federal Narcotics Agents*, 403 U.S. 388 (1971). The Court, having reviewed Plaintiff's second amended complaint, and the balance of the record, hereby ORDERS as follows:

(1) Service by Clerk

The Clerk is directed to send the following to Defendants Federal Detention Center-SeaTac ("FDC SeaTac") Chief Dentist J. Parker, FDC SeaTac Dr. Dy, FDC SeaTac Unit DC Counselor Smith, FDC SeaTac Unit DB Counselor Beihling, FDC SeaTac Unit Team Supervisor Fernandez, FDC SeaTac Warden Israel Jacquez, FDC SeaTac Clinical Director Scotty Bussell, and to FDC SeaTac Health Service Administrator Giles Durano by certified mail, return receipt requested: a copy of Plaintiff's second amended complaint and all supporting

documents (dkt. # 24), a copy of this Order, two copies of the notice of lawsuit and request for waiver of service of summons, a waiver of service of summons, and a return envelope, postage prepaid, addressed to the Clerk's Office.

Pursuant to Rule 4(i)(2) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, the Clerk shall issue a summons for the Federal Bureau of Prisons and send copies of the summons and Plaintiff's second amended complaint to the agency. The Clerk shall also send copies of all the aforementioned documents to the Attorney General of the United States at Washington, D.C., and to the civil process clerk at the Office of the United States Attorney for this district, by certified mail, return receipt requested, in accordance with Rule 4(i)(1).

(2) Response Required

Defendants shall have **thirty (30) days** within which to return the enclosed waivers of service of summons. A Defendant who fails to timely return a signed waiver will be personally served with a summons and complaint and may be required to pay the full costs of such service, pursuant to Rule 4(d)(2) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. Defendants shall file and serve a responsive pleading within **sixty (60) days** after service.

(3) Filing and Service by Parties, Generally

All attorneys admitted to practice before this Court are required to file documents electronically via the Court's CM/ECF system. Counsel are directed to the Court's website, www.wawd.uscourts.gov, for a detailed description of the requirements for filing via CM/ECF. Plaintiff shall file all documents electronically. All filings must indicate in the upper right-hand corner the name of the magistrate judge to whom the document is directed.

1 Any document filed with the Court must be accompanied by proof that it has been served
2 upon all parties that have entered a notice of appearance in the underlying matter. Plaintiff shall
3 indicate the date the document is submitted for e-filing as the date of service.

4 (4) Motions, Generally

5 Any request for court action shall be set forth in a motion, properly filed and served.
6 Pursuant to LCR 7(b), any argument being offered in support of a motion shall be submitted as a
7 part of the motion itself and not in a separate document. The motion shall include in its caption
8 (immediately below the title of the motion) a designation of the date the motion is to be noted for
9 consideration upon the Court's motion calendar.

10 Stipulated and agreed motions, motions to file over-length motions or briefs, motions for
11 reconsideration, joint submissions pursuant to the option procedure established in LCR 37(a)(2),
12 motions for default, requests for the clerk to enter default judgment, and motions for the court to
13 enter default judgment where the opposing party has not appeared shall be noted for
14 consideration on the day they are filed. *See* LCR 7(d)(1). All other non-dispositive motions shall
15 be noted for consideration no earlier than the third Friday following filing and service of the
16 motion. *See* LCR 7(d)(3). All dispositive motions shall be noted for consideration no earlier than
17 the fourth Friday following filing and service of the motion. *Id.*

18 For electronic filers, all briefs and affidavits in opposition to either a dispositive or
19 non-dispositive motion shall be filed and served not later than 11:59 p.m. on the Monday
20 immediately preceding the date designated for consideration of the motion. The party making the
21 motion may electronically file and serve, not later than 11:59 p.m. on the date designated for
22 consideration of the motion, a reply to the opposing party's briefs and affidavits.

23 \\\

(5) Motions to Dismiss and Motions for Summary Judgment

Parties filing motions to dismiss pursuant to Rule 12 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and motions for summary judgment pursuant to Rule 56 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure should acquaint themselves with those rules. As noted above, these motions shall be noted for consideration no earlier than the fourth Friday following filing and service of the motion.

Defendants filing motions to dismiss or motions for summary judgment are advised that they MUST serve *Rand* notices concurrently with motions to dismiss based on failure to exhaust administrative remedies and motions for summary judgment so that *pro se* prisoner plaintiffs will have fair, timely and adequate notice of what is required of them in order to oppose those motions. *Woods v. Carey*, 684 F.3d 934, 941 (9th Cir. 2012). The Ninth Circuit has set forth model language for such notices:

A motion for summary judgment under Rule 56 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure will, if granted, end your case.

Rule 56 tells you what you must do in order to oppose a motion for summary judgment. Generally, summary judgment must be granted when there is no genuine issue of material fact – that is, if there is no real dispute about any fact that would affect the result of your case, the party who asked for summary judgment is entitled to judgment as a matter of law, which will end your case. When a party you are suing makes a motion for summary judgment that is properly supported by declarations (or other sworn testimony), you cannot simply rely on what your complaint says. Instead, **you must set out specific facts in declarations, depositions, answers to interrogatories, or authenticated documents, as provided in Rule 56(e), that contradict the facts shown in the defendant’s declarations and documents and show that there is a genuine issue of material fact for trial. If you do not submit your own evidence in opposition, summary judgment, if appropriate, may be entered against you. If summary judgment is granted, your case will be dismissed and there will be no trial.**

Rand v. Rowland, 154 F.3d 952, 963 (9th Cir. 1998) (emphasis added).

1 Defendants who fail to file and serve the required *Rand* notice on plaintiff may have their
2 motion stricken from the Court's calendar with leave to re-file.

3 (6) Direct Communications with District Judge or Magistrate Judge

4 No direct communication is to take place with the District Judge or Magistrate Judge with
5 regard to this case. All relevant information and papers are to be directed to the Clerk.

6 (7) The Clerk is directed to send a copy of this Order and of the Court's *pro se*
7 instruction sheet to Plaintiff.

8 Dated this 2nd day of September, 2022.

9 

10 MICHELLE L. PETERSON
11 United States Magistrate Judge
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23